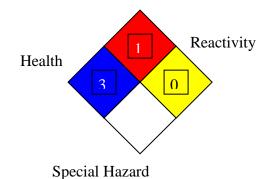


Jordan Petroleum Refinery Company Material Safety Data Sheet Hydraulic Oil T





JPRC LUB-18

HMIS III:

Flammability	1
Health	3
Reactivity	0

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Hydraulic Oil T (15, 22, 32, 37, 46, 68)

MSDS Number: JPRC LUB-18

Product Use Description: Designed for use in all hydraulic power

and control systems, that is subjected to extremes of temperature and pump speeds, except systems that contain silver

plated parts.

Company Jordan Petroleum Refinery

Amman – Jordan.

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SECTION 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.	
COMPOSITION:	SN 500
	SN150
	SN 100
	MVIN-40
	LZ-7786
	LZ-5731
	Viscoplex 1-244

SECTION 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazardous identification

US OSHA hazard communication standard for SN (500,150, 100):

Product assessed in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 & determined

to be hazardous

Effects of over exposure: no significant

effects expected.

Emergency response data: black semi -

solid. Dot ERG NO.- NA

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures:

Eye Contact Rinse cautiously with water for several

minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or

doctor.

Skin contact Wash contact areas with soap & water.

Remove contaminated clothing.

Get medical attention if irritation developed. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse and discard leather

articles saturated with the material.

Inhalation Remove exposed person to fresh air if

adverse effects are observed. If breathing is labored, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, apply artificial respiration. If irritation persists or if toxic symptoms are observed, get medical

attention.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. If conscious,

give 2 glasses of water. Get immediate

medical attention.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire- Fighting Measure

Extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical, and

water fog.

Special fire fighting procedures: Water or foam may cause frothing. Use

water to keep fire exposed containers cool. Water spray may be used to flush spills away from exposure. Prevent runoff

from fire control or dilution from entering drinking streams, sewers, or

supply.

For fires in enclosed areas, fire fighters self-contained use breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

Unusual fire and explosion hazards Storage tank headspace may contain

flammable atmosphere.

Flammable limits- LEL: NA, UEL: NA.

Health: 3, Flammability: 1,

Reactivity: 0

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, some

metallic oxides.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL **RELEASE MEASURES**

Accidental Release Measures

NFPA hazard ID

Special protective equipment:

This material if slippery might cause traffic accident. If split on road, it must be cover with sand immediately. in the event of a spill or leak or accident person not wearing protective equipment & clothing should be restricted from contaminated areas until clean up has been completed.

the following steps should be undertaken following a spill or leak:

- 1- Notify safety personal.
- 2- Remove all sources of heat and ignition.
- Ventilate potentially explosive atmospheres.
- 4- Do not touch the spilled material; stop the leak if it is possible to do so without risk.
- 5- Use water spray to reduce vapors; do not get water inside container. Do not flush waste to sewers or open waterways.
- 6- For liquid spills, cover with sand and then remove for later disposal.
- 7- Prevent spills from entering storm sewers or drains.

Immediately emergency contact personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment (see section 8). Follow all fire-fighting procedures.

Personal precautions

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and

clothing. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Wash thoroughly

after handling.

Storage Keep container tightly closed. Keep

container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Store away from strong oxidizing agents

or combustible material.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure controls/ personal protection

Respiratory protection Use appropriate respiratory production if

there is the potential to exceed the

exposure limit

Skin and body

Use chemical resistant apron and / or

other clothing to protect against hot

liquid & to avoid skin contact

Hands Use nitrile or neoprene gloves.

Eyes Safety goggles are considered minimum

protection. goggles with a face shield may be necessary depending on quantity

of material & conditions of yours.

Engineering controls Provide exhaust ventilation or other

engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below there

respective threshold limits value.

Occupational exposure limits

Exposure limit of SN 500, SN150, SN

100 for oil mist:

 5.00 mg/m^3

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES		
Form:	Liquid	
Appearance:	Bright and Clear,	
Flash point for T15(COC):	150 ° C	
Flash point for T22(COC):	160 °C	
Flash point for T32(COC):	175 °C	
Flash point for T37(COC):	190 °C	
Flash point for T46(COC):	198 °C	

Flash point for T68(COC):	220 ° C
Pour Point for T15:	-42 °C
Pour Point for T22:	-42 ° C
Pour Point for T32:	-42 ° C
Pour Point for T37:	-39 °C
Pour Point for T46:	-39 °C
Pour Point for T68:	-36 °C
Density for T15:	0.8789 g/cm ³ @ 15 ° C Test Method: ASTMD 1298
Density for T22:	0.8817 g/cm ³ @ 15 ° C Test Method: ASTMD 1298
Density for T32:	0.8735 g/cm ³ @ 15 ° C Test Method: ASTMD 1298
Density for T37:	0.8775 g/cm ³ @ 15 ° C Test Method: ASTMD 1298
Density for T46:	0.8764 g/cm ³ @ 15 ° C Test Method: ASTMD 1298
Density for T68:	0.882 g/cm ³ @ 15 ° C Test Method: ASTMD 1298
VI for T15:	149
VI for T22:	180
VI for T32:	183
VI for T37:	156
VI for T46:	192
VI for T68:	181
Kinematic viscosity for T15:	15 cSt @ 40 ° C Test Method: ASTMD 445.
Kinematic viscosity for T22:	22 cSt @ 40 ° C Test Method: ASTMD 445.
Kinematic viscosity for T32:	32 cSt @ 40 ° C Test Method: ASTMD 445.
Kinematic viscosity for T37:	37 cSt @ 40 ° C Test Method: ASTMD 445.
Kinematic viscosity for T46:	46 cSt @ 40 ° C Test Method: ASTMD 445.
Kinematic viscosity for T68:	68 cSt @ 40 ° C Test Method: ASTMD 445.
SECTION 10 STABILITY AND RI	

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: The product is stable.

Material to avoid: Strong oxidizing and reducing agents.

Condition to avoid: High temperatures, sparks, and open

flames.

Hazardous decomposition products: Sulphur oxides. Hydrogen sulphide.

Carbon monoxide.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Routes of Entry Skin, Eyes, Ingestion, and Inhalation

Inhalation Irritating to respiratory system. May

cause nose, throat and lung irritation.

Ingestion Not determined.

Skin contact Skin irritant. Repeated or prolonged skin

contact as from clothing wet with material may cause dermatitis. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, and

cracking of the skin.

Eye contact Weak to moderate eye irritant.

 LD_{50} >2000 mg/kg

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Fate and effects: (SN 500, SN 150, BS 150)

This product is expected to be inherently biodegradable. There is no evidence to suggest bioaccumulation will occur. It is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. Accidental spillage may lead to penetration in the soil and groundwater. However, there is no evidence that this would cause adverse ecological effects.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed, controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration. Such burning may be limited pursuant to the resource conservation and recovery Act. In addition, the product is suitable for processing by an approved recycling facility or can be disposed of at an appropriate government waste disposal facility. Use of these methods is subject to user compliance with applicable laws and regulations and consideration of product characteristics at time disposal.

RCRA Information

The unused product, in our opinion, is not specifically listed by the EPA as a hazardous waste (40CFR, Part 261D), nor is not formulated to contain materials which are listed hazardous wastes. It does not exhibit the hazardous characteristics of ignitability, corrosively, or reactivity and is not formulated with contaminants as determined by the **Toxicity** Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). However, used product may be

regulated.

SECTION 14. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Risk Phrases: R10-Flammable.

(LZ-5731) R22-Harmful if swallowed.

R23/24/25-Toxic by inhalation, Toxic in contact with skin, Toxic if swallowed. R33-Danger of cumulative effect.

R36-Irritating to eyes. R38-Ittitating to skin.

R43-May cause sensitization by skin

contact.

R50/53-Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in

the aquatic environment.

R51/53-Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

R52- Harmful to aquatic organisms. R62-Possible risk of impaired fertility. R65-Harmful: may cause lung damage if

swallowed.

SECTION 15. OTHER INFORMATION

LD₅₀ Lethal Dose (mg/kg)

PEL Permissible Exposure Limits

NFPA National Fire Protection Association:
PPE Personal Protective Equipment

SCBA Self – Contained Breathing Apparatus

TWA Time – Weighted Average.

OSHA Occupational Safety And Health

Administration

ACGIH American Conference of

Governmental Industrial Hygienists